



## Study of vegetation composition and plastic concentration in mangroves



Aerial image of Muanivatu site, Fiji



3D render of the mangroves at My Suva Park, Suva

| OVERVIEW        |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Flying Labs     | South Pacific Flying Labs  |
| Geographic area | My Suva Park (Site 1) and Muaivuso village (Site 2) - Fiji Islands |
| Date range      | December 2018 - August 2019  |
| Sector program  | EcoRobotics  |
| Main SDGs       | GOAL 14: Life Below Water  |
|                 | GOAL 15: Life on Land  |





| SCOPE                        |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Project stakeholders         | School of Marine Science - University of the South Pacific   |
| People impacted              | Researchers at the School of Marine Science who are trying to<br>study the types of plastics which get caught up in the mangroves<br>as well as study the vegetation composition.  |
|                              | The people in Muaivuso village.  |
| Number of people<br>impacted | 30 people<br>6 researchers and research assistants<br>15 youth who used the data derived from this project for<br>youth-led projects<br>9 villagers of Muaivuso  |
| Challenge                    | The mangrove forests at the two sites (My Suva Park and<br>Muaivuso, Lami) frequently trap plastics which linger around for<br>years. The methods used to understand and assess the amount<br>and type of plastic which ends up in the mangrove forests as well<br>as its effects on the environment were highly inefficient and new<br>solutions were needed.                                 |
| Scope                        | This research project tried to assess the type and amount of<br>plastic concentrated in these locations through aerial imagery<br>and soil samples (for micro and macro plastics) in different<br>seasons. It also tried to identify vegetation composition.   |
|                              | The aim of this project was to identify and understand the most<br>common plastics which end up in mangrove forests and its<br>effects on the ecosystem. In addition to this, it also aimed to<br>simplify the method adapted for assessing plastic concentration<br>in mangrove forests as well as monitoring the composition for an<br>extended period of time.                              |
| Outcome                      | Several maps and orthomosaics were created during the study,<br>which were later used by the researchers to determine the<br>location of the most common types of plastics accumulating in<br>the mangrove forests. The composition of the mangrove forest<br>was also studied and a mangrove species identification and<br>classification index was created using pixel based image analysis. |
| Impact                       | The maps and orthomosaics will act as baseline data for medium<br>and long term change detection in that area for further studies<br>while the mangrove classification index data will be published by<br>the respective researcher. This research will simplify the task of<br>further classification and preservation of mangrove forests in Fiji.   |
| Next steps                   | The possible next steps are perhaps to study the health of the mangrove forests using multispectral sensors mounted on   |



| concentration to overall mangrove health. |  |
|---|--|

| COMMUNITY ENGAGE                           | MENT AND STAKEHOLDER SUPPORT  |
|--|---|
| Consent for data<br>acquisition            | Muaivuso village - the team members participated in a <u>sevusevu</u><br>where permission to enter the village as well as collect data was<br>received from the village elders.<br>My Suva Park -a NOTAM (a notice to airmen) was submitted to<br>the CAAF(Civil Aviation Authority of Fiji) and a copy of that<br>alongside a project plan was submitted to the nearby police<br>station to notify them of repetitive drone flights. |
| Activities to engage<br>with the community | Muaivuso village - the team members participated in a <u>sevusevu</u><br>(more details <u>here</u> ) where permission to enter the village as well<br>as collect data was received from the village elders.<br>In this same community engagement activity, the project's<br>objectives were discussed in the local dialect as well as field<br>operations, so that the people of Muaivuso were aware.                                 |
| Community groups<br>engaged with           | Muaivuso village elders and residents   |
| Community<br>attendance                    | Approximately 10 people attended this community engagement meeting (sevusevu) which included village headmen and other custodians.  |
| Community feedback                         | The community members were pleased with how local protocols were followed, from the permission seeking gesture to appropriate attire.   |
| Stakeholder support                        | Not relevant as the villagers did not use or interact with the project outcomes or data collected since this was purely a research project.   |

| DATA ACQUISITION |   |
|------------------|---|
| Size of area     | 8 ha (0.08 sq km)   |
| Drone            | DJI Phantom 4 Pro<br>DJI Phantom 3<br>DJI Inspire 2         |
| Sensor(s)        | RGB - Zenmuse X4S (Inspire 2)<br>RGB - Phantom 4 Pro camera |





| Flight plan software              | PIX4Dcapture   |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Flight height                     | Flight height varied from 40 m to 60 m depending on the site |
| GSD (Accuracy)                    | 2 cm/pix   |
| Number of images acquired         | Approximately 12,600 images                                  |
| Number of flights                 | 18 flights   |
| Time invested in data acquisition | Roughly 40 days over a period of 9 months                    |
| Georeferencing                    | Onboard GPS  |

| DATA PROCESSING & ANALYSIS |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Processing software        | PIX4Dmapper   |
| Processing time            | Roughly 63 hours (3.5 hours per flight)   |
| Data products              | Orthomosaics, KML   |
| Analysis tools             | ArcGIS Desktop  |
| Analysis outputs           | Mangrove classification and identification maps<br>Maps showing the location and range of the different sites |
| Final outputs shared       | Maps of Muaivuso site   |
| with stakeholders          | Orthomosaics  |
|                            | Report  |
| Data sharing               | Hard drive  |